## **QUESTORS ARCHIVES**

THE PLAYS OF OSCAR WILDE

The Questors Theatre 1931-2014



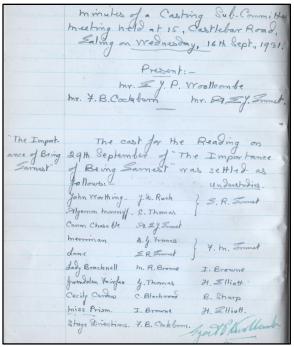
Compiled by John Dobson 2022

### PRODUCTIONS AND PERFORMANCES

<u>1</u> 931	THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST (Play Reading)
1938	A FLORENTINE TRAGEDY
1944	THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST
1970	THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST
1984	THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST
1993	LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN
1993	VERA (Rehearsed Reading)
1999	A WOMAN OF NO IMPORTANCE
2009	THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST

2014 AN IDEAL HUSBAND

# 1931 The Importance of Being Earnest



Two years after their first production (**The Best People**) at the Park Theatre, Hanwell, The Questors were still looking round for a permanent home, performing largely at festivals and in the "vicarage garden".

In 1931 they launched a series of Play Readings at the Girl Guide Hall in Warwick Road, which continued there until they moved into the Boy Scout Hall in Mattock Lane in 1933. The first of these readings was **The Importance of Being Earnest** (see the Casting Sub-Committee minutes opposite).

Most of the cast members are of course Questors legends, but it is interesting to note the presence of three Emmets -Alfred, Eric and Frank - and that even though this was a "reading" each part was allotted an understudy!

### 1938 A Florentine Tragedy



A major focus for the Questors in the early years was their **Annual Drama Festival.** The first of these was held at St Martin's Hall in 1933, just prior to Questors taking up residence at the scout hut in Mattock Lane (The Tin Hut).

These Festivals were internal events, giving groups of members a chance to put on a series of one-act plays, with an outside adjudicator invited to give criticism and award a winner. They proved enormously popular and drew a lot of interest.

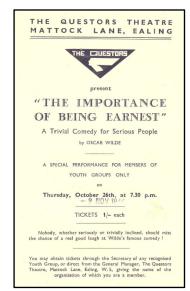
The seventh Festival, held in 1938, was no exception. It included a presentation of Wilde's "A Florentine Tragedy", described as "a fragment [which] was never completed. For the purpose of presentation the well-known poet Mr T Sturge Moore, has written the opening scene."

#### FRIDAY, December 16th. SATURDAY, December 17th. "A Florentine Tragedy" "The King of the Great Clock Tower" By W. B. YEATS. First Attendant MARY ANNE STEELE Second Attendant FRANCIS BELLETT King PHILIP ALLEN Queen GWENDOLEN THOMAS Stroller FRANK COCKBURN Scene: The Great Hall. Produced by FRANK COCKBURN. "Marry-go-round" By SYDNEY BOX. Catherine Betty PEGGY COOPER Ann Produced by ALFRED EMMET. Produced by ALFRED EMMET. (2) (max 30) "The Lovely Miracle" By PHILIP JOHNSON. The Mother KATHLEEN SMITH The Daughter JOYCE GAPP The Neighbour MARY TURNER The Young Man WILLIAM DANN (1) (max. 40). (2) (max. 30). (3) (max. 20). (4) (max. 10). . . . . . Scene: The living-room of a humble cottage in the country. Produced by WILLIAM DANN. "The Herald" By F. SLADEN-SMITH. Prologue spoken by LISTER BECK. Swan-Princess JEAN MACKRORY Old Fool THELMA GORDON The Herald FRANK WHEELER Scene: A terrace on the roof of a Great Palace. Produced by LISTER BECK. "A Man Born to be Hanged" By RICHARD HUGHES. Bill LIONEL LOCKE Davy GEOFFREY SAUNDERS Mr. Spencer ERIC SAUNDERS Nell MARY BENNETT Scene: Inside a ruined cottage on a wet November night. "The Bear" Produced by MARY BENNETT. A Comedy by ANTON TCHEHOV. Elena Ivanovna Popova Elena Ivanovna Popova (a land-owning little widow) ... WINIFRED GILES Luka (Popova's aged footman) ... FRANCIS WILLIAMS Grigory Stepanovitch Smirnov (a middle-aged landowner) .... T. S. SAUNDERS A Gardener .... GEOFFREY SAUNDERS Scene: A section of a drawing-room in Popova's house. Produced by WINIFRED GILES. (1) (may 40) (2) (may 30) REPEAT PERFORMANCE OF THE PLAY PLACED FIRST ON FRIDAY. Note.—Tonight's performance will not be marked; the marks allotted last night will stand. Final adjudication by Miss FRANCES MACKENZIE. Adjudication by Miss FRANCES MACKENZIE.

The adjudicator, Miss Frances Mackenzie, considered "A Florentine Tragedy" "an enterprising choice, the play being magnificent theatre. The production never quite came to life, but there was a good climax at the end. The fencing was particularly well rehearsed. She was worried by the "voice beautiful" and suggested that "Bianca (Dorothy Allen) acted too much from the head instead of the heart. Guido (Eric Allen) was too cold and did not play enough to Bianca. His speech was not strong enough. Simone (Cyril Thomas) had style and atmosphere, his timing being excellent."

The winning trophy went to "The Man to be Hanged".

# 1944 The Importance of Being Earnest



With the Second World War in full throttle and doodlebugs (in the words of Alfred Emmet) "affecting us somewhat by definitely retarding the growth of membership, and causing the cancellation of all outstanding theatre lets," The Questors soldiered on with a production of **The Importance of Being Earnest** in October 1944.

In fact the original intention had been to put **The Tempest** on in this spot, but it had proved impossible to cast. Alfred insisted it was merely a postponement and that it was hoped to put **The Tempest** on in the following new year. In fact we didn't get round to doing it until 1960.

**The Importance of Being Earnest** was **Kit Hutchin's** first production and proved to be quite a busy affair. The nature of the times meant that there was a constant

switching of roles as members of the cast were called away on military service, evacuated or simply taken ill. Kit herself had to step into the role of **Lady Bracknell** at twenty-four hour's notice. Alfred landed the part of **John Worthing**.

"THE IMPORTANCE OF	BEING EARNEST"
Characters in order of appearance:  Lane MICHAEL KELLY  Algernon Moncrieff PHILIP ALLEN  John Worthing ALFRED EMMET  Lady Bracknell EILEEN CLARKE  The Hon. Gwendolen Fairfax her daughter BETTY MERCY  Cecily Cardew  John Worthing's ward MARY CHANTER	The Play Produced by BARBARA HUTCHINS  Stage Manager - HERBERT R. LUCAS  Wardrobe Mistresses MILDRED EMMET HONOR O'NIANS DIANA KELLY
Miss Prism her governess ELEANOR BISHOP The Rev. Dr. Chasuble BILL BAYLING Merriman MAURICE BALLINGER  ACT I. Algernon's Flat in Half-Moon Street. ACT II. The Garden of John Worthing's Country House. ACT III. The Drawing-Room. A short while afterwards.	Settings Designed by  BARBARA HUTCHINS and FRED ROBINSON  There will be a discussion of this Play at the Theatre on Monday, October 30th, at 7.30 p.m., to which all members of the audience are cordially invited. Why not come along and give us your views and hear the views of others?  Written criticisms of the production are welcomed, and will be read anonymously at the discussion
TEA WILL BE SERVED IN	N THE INTERVALS

### QUESTORS IN A CLASSIC

### Oscar Wilde Comedy

Oscar Wilde's comedy "The Importance of Being Earnest" was put over with admirable spirit and polish by the Questors at three evening performances and one matinee in their own theatre in Mattock-lane, Ealing, commencing at the week-end.

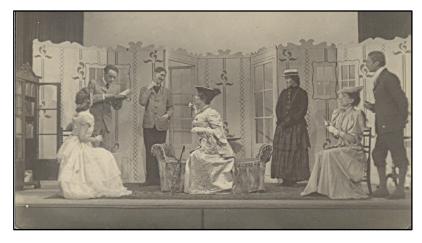
Mr. Philip Allen and Mr. Alfred Emmet, as the "two Ernests," contributed largely to the success of the performances by their highly stylised exuberance and mastery in the art of imaginative lying. Miss Mary Chanter, in the role of Cicely Cardew, made a delightfully dainty debutante in romance, and Miss Betty Mercy was no less successful in the role of the super-aristocratic Hon. Gwendolen Fairfax, a role which she took to perfection.

Miss Barbara Hutchins, who produced, at short notice also played the part of the haughty society dame, Lady Bracknell, which, owing to illness, Miss Eileen Clarke had to abandon. It could hardly have been better or more pointedly played. Miss Eleanor Bishop and Mr. Bill Bayling were just as funny as it was possible to be in a clerical courtship, most adroitly handled on both sides, and Mr. Michael Kelly and Maurice Ballinger, as butlers, completed the cast.

A matinee will be given this

n. C.T. Gct. 28/44

(Saturday) afternoon.





The Production broke box office records with a total audience of 800 for the five main performances, and packed houses for two special performances for local youth groups. The show also became part of the Questors wartime travelling repertoire visiting, amongst other places, a gun site at Wormwood Scrubs - as reported in **A Few Drops of Water**:

"The performers had to share the stage with a couple of camp cats, who behaved impeccably to begin with, sitting one on either side of the stage. As the play progressed, they began to move about and had to be accommodated in the action, one having to be removed from a chair before John Worthing could sit down!"

Overall it was reckoned the show had played to 1600 people - not bad when resources were so tight and there was a war going on.

Our first President, the influential theatre director **John Burrell**, gave the company some invaluable criticism and there was a lively after show discussion, but **Alfred Emmet's** reflections on the production are interesting:

"Opinions have been very much divided. The curious thing is that practically without exception all the unfavourable criticisms (and we had some stinking ones!) were of the performances on the Monday evening and the Saturday afternoon, when the cast had found the audience rather "sticky" and difficult, whereas the general reaction at the other performances seems to have been more favourable. Another curious fact is that the box office returns show that those two particular performances were the occasions when we had the smallest houses. One almost begins to wonder whether it is possible that in trying to "get" a rather cold audience, we may have gone rather severely off the rails and really given performances markedly inferior on those occasions.

"This may I think, be partly true, and in trying to force laughs where we felt they ought to be coming, we may have lost conviction. However that may be, we have certainly gained a lot of very valuable experience from playing this show so often to different audiences. Generally, the show was on the whole undoubtedly a popular success - which means very little; and artistically, I think we have learned many lessons."

# 1970 The Importance of Being Earnest

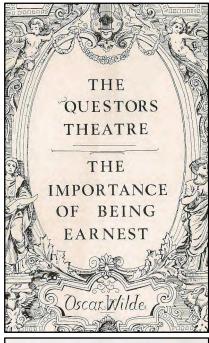


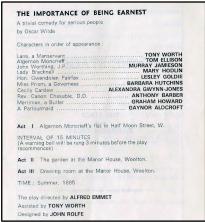
Alfred Emmet directing the 1970 production of **THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST.** 

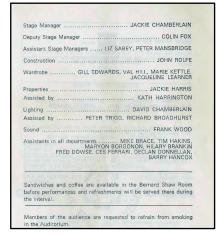
The set was designed by John Rolfe in the round, partly as an experiment in style and partly to facilitate travelling as it was hoped to take the production to Czechoslovakia - although that visit doesn't appear to have materialised.



The cast included **Mary Hodlin** as Lady Bracknell, **Kit Hutchins** as Miss Prism and **Tony Barber** as Dr Chasuble.

































Mary Hodlin (Lady Bracknel) was invited to introduce the production in the pages of QUESTOPICS:

After some hours of thought and a little research I decided that Oscar Wilde was the best person to publicise his last play and masterpiece The Importance of Being Earnest — A Trivial Comedy for Serious People. Here are some extracts from letters written by him which are about the play:

To: **George Alexander** From: St. James Theatre. July 1894 The real charm of the play, if it is to have charm, must be in the dialogue. The plot is slight, but I think adequate .... well, I think an amusing thing with lots of fun and wit might be made.

To: **Lord Alfred Douglas** From: 5 Esplanade, Worthing. August 1894 I have been doing nothing here but bathing and playwriting. My play is really very funny; I am quite delighted with it.

To: **George Alexander**, St. James Theatre. From: Worthing. September 1894 I can't make out what could have become of your letter. I thought from your silence that you thought the play too farcical in incident for a Comedy Theatre like your own. I would like to have my play done by you. I may mention that the play is an ADMIRABLE PLAY.

To: **George Alexander**As you wished to see my somewhat farcical comedy I send you the first copy of it. It is called LADY LANCING on the cover, but the real title is THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST.

To: **Arthur L. Humphreys**I enclose you a stall for the 14th — the last to be got! I hope you will enjoy my 'trivial' play. It is written by a butterfly for butterflies.

What of the critics who attended the first performance on February 14th, 1895? It was the only time that **G. B. Shaw** made an ass of himself as a critic; perhaps he did not read the sub-title! This is part of what he wrote — The general effect is that of a farcical comedy dating from the seventies, unplayed during that period because it was too clever and too decent and brought up-to-date as far possible by Mr. Wilde in his now completely formed style. I find other critics declaring that it could never have been written but for the opening up of entirely new paths in drama last year by ARMS AND THE MAN at which I confess to a chuckle'.

The writer who best expresses the delight experienced by those first-nighters in 1895 is Max Beerbohm who says: Despite the scheme of the play, the fun depends mainly on what the characters say, rather than on what they do. They speak a kind of beautiful nonsense—the language of high comedy twisted into fantasy. To preserve its style fully, the dialogue must be spoken with grave unction. The sound

MPBAG

and sense of the words must be taken seriously, treated beautifully'.

Alfred Emmet will produce with his usual meticulous care and make sure that his actors portraying the characters will, to quote John Gielgud: *Utter their delicious cadences and spin their web of preposterous sophistication*. The action of the play will take place in the round. Do you remember how successful **Uncle Vanya** was played in this way?

### A delightful set and costumes have been designed by John Rolfe.



There are four new acting members in the cast...

Alexandra Gwynne-Jones, who studied drama in Cape Town and has worked in the professional theatre, plays Cecily Cardew; Lesley Goldie, who has delighted Questors audiences as Solveig and Desdemona is Gwendolen Fairfax. Barbara Hutchins—Mrs Candour in that most successful production of School for Scandal, plays Miss Prism, and Gaynor Aldcroft is both parlour maid and understudy.





Murray Jamieson from Sydney, Australia is John Worthing, and Tom Ellison of Middlesex — Algernon Moncrief. Tony Barber is Canon Chasuble. The men-servants are played by Graham Howard and Tony Worth — Tony is also associate producer.



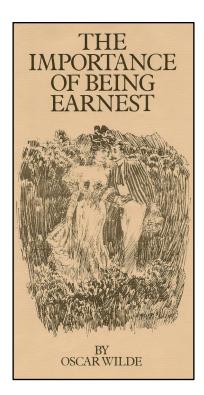
I must add two pieces of information which give me pleasure:

Ada Leverson, a friend of Wilde's, wrote an article for Punch which was a skit on The Importance. It was entitled *The Advisability of not being brought up in a Handbag — A trivial tragedy for wonderful People*';

and this lovely Victorian Precept —
'Servants talk about People;
Gentlefolk discuss Things'.

MARY HODLIN p.p. Augusta Bracknell

### 1984 The Importance of Being Earnest



### THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST

Written by Oscar Wilde Directed by John Wilson Designed by Beth Crowley Cast includes: Tony Barber, Heather Godley, Gavin McQueen, Vivienne Patterson

Performances: 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 Oct. at 7.45pm in the Playhouse

Like children always wanting to hear the same favourite bedtime story, it's always a pleasure to renew acquaintance with Oscar Wilde's sparkling comedy. Perhaps the most sublime comedy in the English language, the humour is sharp with vitriol, and the romance has the weightless texture of a marshmallow — a satire on English manners as only an Irishman could write it! So as the nights draw in, come Bunburying with us back to those endless Victorian summer-afternoons, when cucumbers cannot be had even for ready money, when large handbags are lost and found in station cloakrooms, and when young gentlemen and young ladies fall earnestly in love all in the twinkling of an eve.



"Exquisitely trivial, a delicate bubble of fancy, and it has exquisitery trivia, a delicate bubble of language, aftor this site philosophy: we should treat all the trivial things of life very seriously and all the serious things of life with sincere and studied triviality"—so, wrote Oscar Wilde about The Importance of Being Earnest — probably the wittiest comedy in the English language: it is certainly the least earnest.

"A trivial comedy for serious people" — a play about the only subject Oscar Wilde would admit to taking seriously — wit, elegance, and paradox. The genius of the greatest conversationalist of his day has been preserved in the framework of this play.

the framework of this play. Before its first production Wilde wrote to George Alexander, the eventual producer "The real charm of the play, if it is to have a charm, must be the dialogue. The plot is slight, but I think adequate. An amusing thing with lots of fun and wit might be made. If you think so too and care to have the refusal of it, do let me know and send me £150. If when the play is finished you think it too slight – not serious enough – of course you can have the £150 back".

The first night on 14th February 1895 brought triumph and acclaim — Wilde once said "I never write plays for anyone. I write plays to amuse myself. Later, if anyone wants to act in them, I sometimes allow him to do so".

Oscar Wilde was arrested in April 1895. A month later, after two trials, he was sentenced to two years imprisonment with hard labour for homosexuality.\* After serving his sentence he went into exile and died in Paris in November, 1900. He was 46 years old.

'I am sorry my play is boycotted by the press. However I hope some of the faithful, and all the elect, will buy copies. If you hear anything nice said about the play, write to me; if not invent it.'

Oscar Wilde (after his arrest).

### THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST

A trivial comedy for serious people by OSCAR WILDE

Characters in order of appearance

Lane (Mr. Moncrieff's man-servant) . . . Neville Bradbury Algernon Moncrieff...... Gavin McQueen John Worthing (of the Manor House, Woolton, Hertfordshire) . . . . . . . . . . Tony Barber

Lady Bracknell . . . . . . . . . . . Heather Godley 

Cecily Cardew (John Worthing's ward) . . . Alison Wilson Miss Prism . . . . . Paulina Nichol

Rev. Canon Chasuble (Rector of Woolton) Ken Ratcliffe

Footman . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Chris Waldock\* Maid . . . . . Linda Buxton

\* Chris Waldock is a member of the Questors Student Group.

Directed by John Wilson Sets designed by Beth Crowley Lighting designed by Martin Stoner Costumes designed by Stella Bond Sound by Tony Swaby

Music used in this production: Bach's Overture, Suite No. 2.

ACT I

Algernon Moncrieff's Rooms in Piccadilly.

ACT II

The Garden at the Manor House, Woolton. ACT III

The Morning-Room at the Manor House, Woolton. THE ACTION OF THE PLAY IS SET IN 1895.

There will be TWO intervals of 15 minutes and 10 minutes respectively.

The performance, including intervals will last approximately two and a half hours.

- diyn tackshall - Mary Angus, Stella Bond, Anne Gilmour, Lesley Harris, Jackie Hulbert, Julie Matthews, Valerie Palmer, Sue Peckitt, Edith Ricket, Gail Sharp, Nikki Tait

Lighting Operator Wigs & Make-up

Julie Cruttenden and members of the 'Greasepaint' course Stage Management

of the 'Greasepaint' course Brian McLoughlin, Jenny Richardson, Caroline Bleakley, Linda Buxton, Wendi Harrison, Friedl Landau, Elizabeth Marshall, Clare McKeown, Gordon Miller, David Palmer, Jeremy Scottowe, Roger Sturm, Tracey Tomlinson

Tony Swaby

With thanks to Cecily Blyther, Pauline Garrett, Colin Horne, Joe Phelps and Geoff Moore

Bread and cakes provided by Clark's (Ealing) Ltd.

Plants provided by Barralets (Ealing) and Parks Department, London Borough of Ealing

## Ken collars the religious roles



en Ratcliffe in The Importance of Being Earnest

By Sue Blackhall

CANON character player Ken Ratcliffe is fired with en-thusiasm for his religious

thusiasm for his religious roles.

When he stars as Dr Chasuble in the Questors' new production, The Importance of Being Earnest, he'll be completing a hat-trick of dog-collar performances.

So lucklily for Ken, a Questors player for 22 years, he wasn't sticking his neck out when he invested in his very own dog-collar for his first ecclesiastical part.

#### Collared

"I bought it when I was in Habeas Corpus so that I had one that wasn't choking me, but I didn't expect to be using it quite so much afterwards," said Ken, who took the role of Canon Throbbing.

He then took on the role of Canon Spratte in Loaves and Fishes.

Which means he really has collared the market in the clerical field.

But Ken, who lives in Wind-mill Road, Ealing, said: "I enjoy playing all kinds of parts.

"I think the only reason I was offered a part in Loaves and Fishes was because I added a note to my casting slip saying "Have dog-collar, can play!" Ken dons his collar tomorrow night for the opening performance of The Importance of Being Earnest, at The Questors Theatre in Mattock Lane, Ealing.











## Classic wit lasts the test of time

MANY so-called classic comedies fail to live up to their promise of timeless humour but not this Oscar Wilde satire written in the final years of the last century.

Line after memorable line are still as exquisitely funny as they ever were and a packed audience at the Questors loved every minute of it.

Many of Wilde's witticisms have been quoted, and misquoted, down the years and much of the play is probably familiar to people who have never even seen it.

familiar to people wno nave never even-seen it.

The plot is unlikely but it is Wilses satirical look at English social graces that dominates the play — everyone desperately trying to be something they aren't really, from the double lives led

#### The Importance of Being Earnest Questors Theatre

by the two main characters Algernon and Jack (well played by Gavin McQueen and Tony Barber) to Cecily's engagement to a man she hasn't met and who doesn't really even exist.

In a play littered with wit Heather Godley puts in a suitably over-the-top performance as Lady Bracknell
Alison Wilson as Cecily and Vivienne Patterson as Gwendolen play out a marvellous scene in which their attitude to each other changes from friendship to hatred and back to sisterly love as they sort out just who they are in love with.



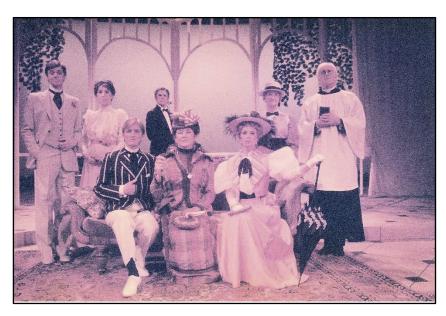






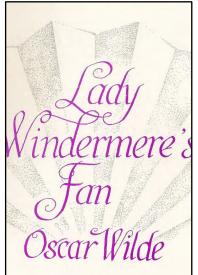






### 1993 Lady Windermere's Fan

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When first produced in 1892 **Lady Windermere's Fan** was an instant hit and was hailed as the wittiest play in English since **The School For Scandal**. Wilde himself, when asked how the play was doing, replied, "*Capitally*. *I am told that Royalty is turned away nightly*". The best critics called the play a masterpiece, and though a few carped it was more about Wilde himself and his character than the play. One suspects they might have heard Wilde's remark that, "*I am told the London critics can be bought. Perhaps they can, but, judging from their appearance, they cannot be at all expensive*".

The play has been frequently revived since and, after Earnest, is Wilde's most often performed and bestloved comedy. Audiences never cease to be fascinated

by the story of Lady Windermere, her errant fan, her seemingly errant husband, her would-be lover, Lord Darlington, and her — but that would be telling!

When one adds to these such splendid characters as the Duchess of Berwick (a prototype for Lady Bracknell), her "chatterbox" of a daughter with her rich, but Australian, suitor, and an array of witty Society gentlemen and bitchy Society ladies (in all a cast of twenty-four, all of whom are on stage together for the dazzling ballroom scene) one can understand its popularity.

Our production is directed by **Steve Fitzpatrick**, whose best-remembered productions include **Tartuffe**, **Dr. Faustus** and **Aristophanes' Wealth**. He is joined by the experienced design team of **John Rolfe**, who is responsible for the elegant set, **Celia Dowell**, who has designed the sumptuous costumes, and **Andrew Dixon**, who will light both to their best advantage.

As for the cast, it is almost a roll-call of top Questors talent, headed by **Gillian Kerswell** as Mrs. Erlynne, **Anne Renn** as the formidable Duchess of Berwick, Jane Backlog as Lady Agatha and, making her Questors debut, **Amanda Aldred** as Lady Windermere.

Sparkling wit, powerful drama and a dazzling feast for the eyes, what more could one ask for as the perfect entertainment for a Spring evening?

#### VIEWS FROM THE BACK ROW

I think the play got the production it deserved. Sumptuous costumes, dinky little umbrellas, hats! When, after the night before, we were back with the original set the costume department might have relaxed, but no, on came Lady W a vision in violet and her mother luscious in lilac. The text was handled with equally loving care. I thought it started a touch slowly, but settled to a good pace which allowed excellent diction from everyone. I hate that gabble which announces "we are getting over the boring bit as fast as we can", and there was none of that here.



Lady W had the necessary wide-eyed sincerity and Lord W looked correctly hag-ridden, as anyone should who has been under the threat of blackmail for six months. He seemed well in control of his coat-tails and should have given lessons on the subject to Lord Darlington. I can't recall having seen Robert Jones before.

Gillian Kerswell we certainly have seen before, and this may well have been her best ever performance. Lesser characters were nicely done without hamming. Anne Renn gave us a sort of Edith Evans rendering of the Duchess with "Australia" as her personal handbag. This was 1892 and Wilde was the toast of London. With this production you can see why.

Hilary Potts

## Women on top in Wilde's moral tale

Lady Windermere's Fan, Questors Theatre, Mattock Lane, Ealing, until tomorrow (Saturday).

LADY Windermere's Fan was Oscar Wilde's first play to be produced. It is a work on many levels, a comedy, social satire and melodrama that at times almost descends into a kind of Victorian bedroom farce.

Questors Theatre company make an ambitious effort in staging a complex play concerning the moral dilemma of a group of aristocrats faced with the spectre of a fallen woman in their midst.

It seems that Victorian society was particularly obsessed with that unfortunate breed 'the bad woman'. It was an obsession that manifested itself in cruelty and disdain from fellow women, perhaps a way of retaining their own fragile hold on respectability, and a mixture of outrage and curiosity from the men.

Wilde wrote excellent parts for women, strong individualists with razor sharp wits who seem to have no problem in getting the better of the morally bankrupt men. As the Duchess of Berwick so casually explains to the naive Lady Windermere, "All men are monsters".

Like Wilde's later work A Woman of No Im-

portance, we find women sacrificed on the alter of society's double standards, in this case the infamous Mrs Erlynne who attempts to make amends for her sin and gain readmittance into the society that banished her. Her crime is abandoning her faithless husband.

The exquisitely costumed cast, who cope admirably with the verbal pyrotechnics of Wilde's highly quotable wit, are resourcefully directed by Steve Fitzpatrick, who assuredly recreates the two-faced, locker room mentality of the prejudiced males.

This entertaining evening has notable performances, particularly from the women. Anne Renn as the Dutchess of Berwick, Gillian Kerswell as Mrs Erlynne and Derek Chandler as Lord Augustus were all memorable. Gayle Westgate

### LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN

by Oscar Wilde

First performance of this production Saturday, April 24th 1993

CAST

in order of appearance
Lady Windermere
Parker (Butler) BYRON TODD
Lord Darlington ROBERT JONES
The Duchess of Berwick
Lady Agatha Carlisle
Lord Windermere PETER GARDINER
Rosalie (Maid) HELEN GEORGIOU
Lady Plymdale
Mr Dumby
Lady Stutfield
Sir James Royston
Mr Guy Berkley
Mr Rufford TOM HAMPTON
Lady Jedburgh
Miss Graham
Mr Hopper JERRY MORETON
Lord Augustus Lorton
Mr Cecil Graham RICHARD SHELTON
Mrs Erlynne

ACT I The Morning-room in Lord Windermere's house

ACT II
A Reception-room in Lord Windermere's bouse

INTERVAL OF FIFTEEN MINUTES

ACT III Lord Darlington's rooms

ACT IV The same as Act I

TIME 1892

PLACE London

The action of the play takes place within twenty-four hours, beginning on a Tuesday afternoon at five o'clock, and ending the next day at 1.30 p.m.

THE PLAYHOUSE IS EQUIPPED WITH AN INFRA-RED SOUND TRANSMISSION SYSTEM FOR USE BY PEOPLE WITH HEARING DIFFICULTIES. To obtain a headset please contact the duty house manager.

The Playhouse is equipped with a lift for the benefit of those with mobility problems. The Questors acknowledges the generosity of the ADAPT fund in making this possible.

#### PRODUCTION

Directed by	STEVE FITZPATRICK
Designed by	
Costumes designed by	CELIA DOWELL
Lighting Designed by	TIM HAYWARD
Sound Design by	NAT TURNER, NIGEL WORSLEY
Stage Manager	JO ВООТН
Deputy Stage Manager	KATY GALLANTRY
Assistant Stage Managers	ON GREEN, AMRIT MAHAL,
Lighting Operator	TRISH FOX
Lighting Rigger	JAMES MILLMAN
Wardrobe	LORAINE COESHOTT, COX, GRACE CRADDOCK,
Properties	JAY SARWAR, CLARE WARREN
Wigs and Make-up SARAH FRY, CAROLYNE	JACQUELINE CROPPER, MARTINI, SEVDA HUSEYIN
Dance Advisor	DIANA NESBITT
Construction	INSON, BERNARD MCRORY
Prompter	GORDON MILLER

With thanks to Jon Webster, Gordon Miller, Joy McQuade, Jackie Dover, Lights on Broadway, W13 Antiques, Barbara Blake, Jim Craddock, Roger Brace, Martin Stoner, The Ladies of Pins and Needles, Brad Askew, Paul Worsley, Strand, Sussex House, Phil Pinkham











## 1993 Vera The Nihilists

### Rehearsed Reading Sunday 23rd May 7.45pm Fover

### VERA

by Oscar Wilde directed by David Gowman

In the sweltering summer of 1883, Wilde's early play, Vera, full of revolutionary zeal spiced with reactionary wit, roused the New York audience to cries of "Author!"

Assassinations, Siberia, masked conspirators, a thrilling heroine: Wilde gave this play the works. It is still an exciting piece, with the authentic Wildean flavour surfacing in the Czar's villainous Prime Minister: "Heaven is a despotism, I shall be at home there".

Forget the fans and handbags, if you find Wilde fun, and haven't got a heart of stone, come to this reading. Wilde's Russia is just the place to be on a May evening. The New York Sun proclaimed it "A masterpiece", but London seems never to have seen it. It's time we did.

Admission by programme, 50p

### The Nihilists

Oscar Wilde(1854 - 1900)

premiere in New York, August 1883 - the author was 29

#### Scenes

Prologue: On the way to Siberia; an inn run by Vera's father. Five years later, the nihilists meet in Moscow Act 1 Act 2 The court of the Czar

Interval The Nihilists' garret Act 3 Act 4 The Czar's ante chamber

#### Characters

Dennis Adams Old Peter, Vera's father, an Innkeeper Prologue Michael, in love with Vera Peter Gardiner Cecily Blyther Vera Dmitri, her brother

Colonel Kotemkin, soldiers, prisoners

**Nihilists** Some of those above and some unnamed, plus:

Nigel Lawrence

Their President, Professor Marfa

General Kotemkin

Prince Paul, Prime Minister At Court

Robin Ingram Ken Ratcliffe The Czar Prince Petrovitch, Count Rouvaloff, Reter Knight

Marquis de Poivrard, Baron Raff etc...

Czar Alexander II was assassinated by Nihilist Revolutionaries in March 1881, a proposed production of the play at the Adelphi was cancelled 'because of the present state of political feeling'. Wilde had met the new Czar, whose wife was a sister of the Princess of Wales. Wilde crossed for the New York production; but he would wait until the nineties for his theatrical successes

Wilson Knight, in The Golden Labyrinth, surprises one with his enthusiasm: 'Wilde has left nothing else so good, at least in conception ... Scene on scene has power; characterisation is excellent, rhetoric is adequate, the dialogue often crisp and the romance moving. Without sentiment or propaganda a full consciousness of European politics and sociology is felt to be in control. The opposition of the stern and cold revolutionaries and the heartles brilliance of the aristocracy is replaced by Alexander's will to build from his marriage a reign serving his people'. After this Wilde was more inclined to wear his heart in his buttonhole

Rehearsed Reading Sunday May 23rd 1993 Admission by programme 50p

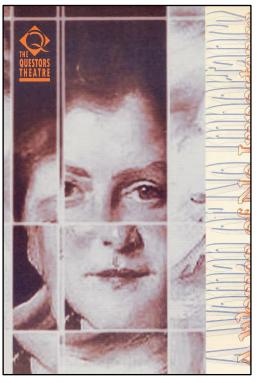
### 1999 A Woman of No Importance

#### In the Playhouse A WOMAN OF NO IMPORTANCE

An intriguing and witty comedy drama of social scandal and a woman's concealed past.

The setting is a weekend party at Lady Hunstanton's country house. When Gerald Arbuthnot is elevated from bank clerk to become secretary to the dashing and amoral Lord Illingworth, why is everyone delighted but his mother? What secret has isolated her for twenty years and makes Gerald unfit for this golden opportunity? In a gentrified world, where dalliances, liaisons and adultery are everyday fare, what happens when real shame is loudly exposed and the past starkly revealed in the present?

Thrusting through some of Wilde's wittiest dialogue is a story of social hypocrisy and a powerful struggle of the sexes. A drama of late Victorian society which still echoes poignantly one hundred years after it was written.





# No Oscar winner

Ealing
OSCAR WILDE wrote
this sparkling, witty comedy in 1893 when his affair
with his beloved Bosie,

mother and proposes, she rejects him. Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree, the actor/manager of the Haymarket Theatre where the play was premiered, commissioned the work. Wilde made it clear to Beerbohm Tree that he had based Lord Illingworth on himself and thus ensured the character you all the best lines.

will be familiar, for instance Wilde's descrip-tion of foxhunting being "the unspeakable in full pursuit of the uneatable". The most enjoyable part of this production is the verbal sparring between verbal sparring between Illingworth and society

belle Mrs Allonby played with flashing eyes by Sarah Morrison. Chris Storer is engagingly eccentric as Lord Affred American the requirements the required imparts the required function of the control of drama?











### 2009 The Importance of Being Earnest



#### The Importance of Being Earnest

The darling of society who stood before an adoring audience on 14th February 1895 at the St James's Theatre would, within only three months have become a convicted criminal. In five years he would be dead.

Wilde's reputation has since been handed back to him by history and the ignominy of his last years has been transformed into a tragedy visited upon him by late Victorian prudery rather than the deserved consequence of scandalous immorality.

The truth is, of course, not so blackand-white. If not the actual architect of his own downfall, Wilde was at least supremely arrogant in his careless attitude to danger. **The Importance of Being Earnest** contains many hidden references to a private life that was teetering on the brink. Some of them are, perhaps,

## THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST

by Oscar Wilde

The Playhouse 18 April – 25 April 2009

THE C	OMPANY
Algernon Moncrieff	Nick Moorhead
Lane	Tony Diggle
John Worthing	Robert Seatter
Gwendolen Fairfax	Juliet Vaughan Turner
Lady Bracknell	Richard Gallagher
Cecily Cardew	Rebecca Pitt
Miss Prism	Anne Neville
Dr. Chasuble	Anthony Curran
Merriman	Adam Sutcliffe
Mr. Gribsby	James Goodden
Act One: The morning room in Algerno	n Moncrieff's flat, Half Moon Street, London
Act Two: The garden at the Manor Ho	ouse Woolton Hertfordshire
Act Iwo. The garden at the Marior He	Juse, Woolton, Hertiordallile.

Director	Francis Llo
Set Designer	Alison Grego
Lighting Designer	Nigel Lew
Sound Designer	Ben Garsio
Costume Designer	Raymonde Chile
Stage Manager	Michelle Weav
Deputy Stage Manager	Olivia Howa
Assistant Stage Managers	Bernard Bra
	George Dua
	Mel Pere
	Victoria Philli
	Antonio Scaramuzzi
Properties	Harriet Parsona
Wardrobe	Jean Der
	Nichola Thom
	Pam Sm
	Therese Anderss
	Rebecca Mitch
	Sue Peck
	Sylvia Stirli
	Alison Simmo
	Natasha Faro
	Astrid Sarkissi
Set construction	Clive Whiter
	Gordon Mil
	John Ho
Sound Operator	Geoffrey Morg
Poster	Ian Co
Photography	Peter Colli
Hair & make-up	Tanya Barl
	Emma Pritcha

subconscious; some are coded and some simply expedient (such as the name Worthing, which is where Wilde and his lover, **Lord Alfred Douglas**, were staying when he wrote it).

Earnest is subtitled A Trivial Comedy For Serious People and, though this could simply be one more of the many inverted aphorisms that pepper the script, it is perhaps worth dwelling on whether it should be taken more literally. Wilde's greatest love affair had to remain hidden yet he was venerated for what amounted to the clever party trick of being able to "come up with a good line": the serious is trivial and the trivial is serious. Thus, Gwendolen and Cecily fall in love with a name and are quite prepared to abandon the actual person if that person transpires to be called something else.

Unsurprisingly - and certainly not uniquely - Wilde's own prejudices, likes and dislikes come through in his writing. You can see his horror of age, his fatal adoration of youth and beauty and his delight at a neat phrase or clever joke. In his portrayal of the upper classes he gives us characters that are scheming, manipulative, vain, avaricious and mendacious; could this have been how he actually saw the people around him?

It is likely that Wilde's reputation was sacrificed in place of the prime minister, Lord Rosebery's. Rosebery had an affair With Lord Alfred's older brother who had later - it was rumoured - committed suicide. (And this would certainly account for the rabid attitude of the young men's father, the **Marquis of Queensberry**.) However, in 1895, another way homosexuality threatened the social structure was by transcending the class barrier. In the play, Worthing's inscribed cigarette case is similar to many Wilde gave to lower-class male prostitutes. (Doing so, he flirted with blackmail and provided some of the evidence that was used against him at his trials.)

























Whether he was thumbing his nose at danger, sharing a private joke with friends or nodding and winking to those in the know, he seems to have taken an almost childish delight in smuggling gay references onto the West End stage. "Earnest" (used as an adjective and with an "a") and "Cecily" were slang words for homosexuality; "morbidity" (for which "Bunbury" is "well-punished" by his death) was a more widely used euphemism, as was "social legislation", which referred to the move to change the laws regarding sex between men. The invented word, "Bunburying" - referring to Algernon's fictional invalid who is his excuse for escaping to the country - could easily be read as a euphemism for illegal sex of any kind or homosexuality specifically. It's tempting to read things into the line "A man who marries without knowing Bunbury has a very tedious time of it." Indeed, Wilde had his own "Bunbury", which was his work: his sexual adventures were protected by the excuse of needing peace and quiet to write, away from his wife and children.

In this version of the play, some of the original cuts have been restored. In it, we meet **Gribsby**, who arrives to arrest "Ernest" for debt. The amount - £762 14s 2d - is almost exactly what Wilde owed to the Savoy at the time of writing and it is indeed astounding to consider how blatantly he conducted his highly dangerous "Bunburying" in such public and "respectable" places.

Other lines, names and places more prosaically reflect the conditions under which the play was written. They are of interest to those seeking to link the trajectory of Wilde's disgrace to this, his most frivolous and apparently lighthearted work. For instance, the names of some of **Lady Bracknell's** social circle refer to actual people. More interestingly, her name is arrived at from Lord Alfred's mother who came from Bracknell.

Another reinstated cut refers to a book, **The Green Carnation**, about "the culture of exotics". The green carnation was a symbol of the aesthetic movement - young men who, as **W.S. Gilbert** put it, would "walk down Piccadilly with a poppy or a lily in [their] medieval hand". Wilde remains the most famous of these and is the prototype of **Bunthorne** in Patience. Gilbert, in turn, possibly provided inspiration for Earnest, both with his play **Engaged** and in the nonsensical plots of the Savoy operettas. (The lost baby is a very Gilbertian idea.)

Incidentally, Sir George Alexander, the original producer, was responsible for the version of Earnest that is most often done and it was he who cut the fourth act. Wilde objected. "What does that matter if it's wasted?" Alexander said. "You are clever enough to think of a hundred things just as good." "Of course I am," Wilde replied. "But that is not the point. This scene that you feel is superfluous cost me terrible, exhausting labour and heart-rending strain. You may not believe me, but I assure you that it must have taken fully five minutes to write."

When he is told that "Ernest" has expressed a desire to be buried in Paris, Chasuble fears that it "... hardly points to any very serious state of mind at the last." This was prophetic: Wilde died and is buried in Paris. The Importance of Being Earnest written in a hurry at this cataclysmic time in his life - remains his most popular work. Unlike Miss Prism's "revoltingly sentimental" novel, it manages to avoid the earnest sentiment of his earlier plays. It is as hard and sparkling as a diamond; it is seriously slight and slightly serious. We hope you enjoy it.



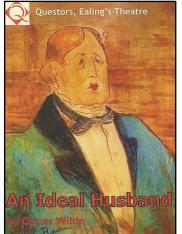








### 2014 An Ideal Husband



A greedy politician is trying to avoid a scandal after selling government secrets to make his fortune.

Will his political career be ruined? Or can he hush it up by doing a deal with the one person who knows the truth?

It has all the ingredients of one of those clever Westminster thrillers we see on television, where the plot is inspired by the misdemeanours of present-day politicians.

But remarkably, this story was first brought to the stage by Oscar Wilde in 1895.

More than a century later, **An Ideal Husband** is being revived as the first production of the new season at The Questors Theatre in Ealing.

At the centre of the plot is a distinguished parliamentarian, a man with an unblemished reputation and an adoring wife who thinks he can do no wrong.

Then an error of judgement from his past comes back to haunt him. He might just be able to prevent the story being made public.

But can his wife ever forgive him, a man she thought was perfect?

The director of The Questors production, **Paul Collins**, believes present-day audiences will have no difficulty spotting the parallels between Wilde's play and public life today.



Paul Collins



"An Ideal Husband cries out to be placed in a contemporary setting," he says. "Its themes of political and financial corruption, blackmail and hypocrisy can hardly be less topical than they were in 1895."

So the Victorian setting of the play has been abandoned, and the action has been moved to the present day. The story is essentially the same, but some modern political references have been worked into the script to heighten its contemporary resonance.

Paul Collins thinks **Oscar Wilde** would approve of this updated version for the 21st Century.

"An Ideal Husband shows people's lives being torn apart by deceit," he says. "But it's also about love and forgiveness. And, being Wilde, it's very funny."



During the play's first run at the Haymarket Theatre in 1895, Wilde faced a personal scandal of his own, being arrested for an act of gross indecency. The production continued, and proved to be a big hit with West End audiences. But Victorian society was less forgiving, and Wilde's name was removed from the theatre billboards as his own troubles deepened.

Paul Collins likes to think the playwright would smile and raise a glass of absinthe to this fresh new production of the play. 1895? 2014? Plus ça change.

#### CAST

in order of speaking

Tommy Trafford (Robert's secretary) The Earl of Caversham KG (Bernard)

Lady Chiltern (Gertrude)

Mabel Chiltern (Robert's sister)

Lady Markby (Leonora) Mrs Cheveley (Laura)

Sir Robert Chiltern

Phipps (first name never discovered) Lord Goring (Arthur, Bernard's son) Mark Redrup

Alan Waldock

Nina Flitman Lauren McGee

Anne Sawbridge

Jananne Rahman

Jain Stirling

Mark Redrup

Richard Graylin

The action takes place in London, June 2014

Act I - evening; the reception hall at the Chilterns' house in Holland Park Act II - the following morning; the morning room at the Chilterns' house INTERVAL

Act III - that evening; the study in Arthur Goring's penthouse overlooking the river in Chelsea

Act IV – the following morning; as Act II

The performance lasts approximately 2 hours and 30 minutes including a 15-minute interval.

#### **PRODUCTION**

Director Set Designer Costumes by Lighting Designer Sound Paul Collins Mike Langridge Sarah Andrews Chris Newall Colin Horne

Stage Manager Deputy Stage Manager Assistant Stage Managers Properties Sarah Vass Sue Collins Emma Peacock, Mel Pereira Cathy Swift, Sue Collins, Harriet Parsonage **Bridgett Strevens** 

Rehearsal Prompter Wardrobe Assistants Lighting Operators Lighting Assistants

Mary Davies, Helen Karasiewicz Camille Bortz, Helen King Terry Mummery, Alan N Smith, Andrew Whadcoat

Sound Operator Construction Manager Construction

Colin Horne Jeff Baynham, Bron Blake, Dan Cawtheray, Mark Fitzgerald, Tina Harris, Rich Keeble, Cathy Swift Mike Langridge

Scenic Painter Photography and Marketing Thanks to

Peter Gould **House Services** 

Paul Wilson

Respectful acknowledgements to Mark Rothko and Jackson Pollock

### AN IDEAL HUSBAND

by Oscar Wilde First performance of this production at The Questors Theatre: 26 September 2014















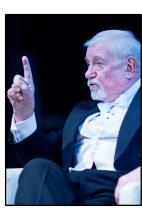




















"An actor is part illusionist, part artist, part ham."

"While we look to the dramatist to give romance to realism, we ask of the actor to give realism to romance."

"It is not good for one's morals to see bad acting"

"I love acting. It is so much more real than life."